

## **Abstract:**

**Introduction:** Plagiarism, or fraud or theft, is a concept that is considered by various aspects of psychology and legal sociology, and the negative effects of this phenomenon and its effects on science and the owners of science and thought are not covered by anyone. And studying its causes and its efforts to solve or reduce this problem is of great help to the scientific and educational quality.

**Objective:** To determine the causes of educational violations among dental students studying at dental school of Ardabil University of Medical Sciences during the academic year 1397-1396.

**Materials and Methods:** In this sampling, a questionnaire with 24 questions was prepared and its validity and reliability were measured. Among 290 dental students (all students except the first semester), students were encouraged to collaborate, The confidentiality of the information and the field was measured.

**Discussion:** In this study, from 290 students, 170 responded completely to the questionnaire, which included 41.8% women and 58.2% men who were between the ages of 20 and 30 who were in terms of the semester term 2 to 12 in the research Participated. In these 170 people, 68 (40%) stated that they did not cheat during the study. 102 people (60%) have been cheating at least 1 time during the study. In the case of factors influencing fraud in this research, priority can be given to scoring, lack of motivation, difficulty of the exam, accustomed to cheating, dissatisfaction from the corresponding professor, he pointed out a strong competitive atmosphere.

**Conclusion:** The results of this study indicate that the rate of cheating among students is 60%, and that the scoring, lack of motivation, difficulty of the test, accustomed to cheating, dissatisfaction with the master and the strong competitive atmosphere of the factors influencing fraud, The significance of fraud in men is greater than that of women ( $P \leq 0.05$ ).

**Keywords:** Abuse Education, Dental students, Ardabil University of medical sciences.